

THEY DIDN'T MARRY.

A McDonaldville Romance That is a Good One—Some of Cupid's Capers.

A queer story comes from McDonaldville. As reports have it, Joseph Ray, of Orrville, has been paying considerable attention to Miss Cora Lilley, of McDonaldville, and Sunday evening matters were to be brought to a close and they were to be quietly married. According to Miss Lilley's story they started out to find a preacher to tie the knot. When some distance from her home, at a secluded spot, he jostled her out of the buggy and drove off, leaving her to return home alone and unmarried. On Monday she appeared before Squire Butler and swore out a warrant for his arrest on the charge of breach of marriage.

Constable Keck armed with the warrant and C. J. Witter for deputy went to bring the delinquent to justice. They succeeded in locating him on Tuesday morning some three or four miles southwest of Orrville. They brought him before Squire Butler for a hearing and he then expressed his willingness to marry the girl. It was now Miss Lilley's time to back out which she accordingly did. Finally matters were settled by Ray paying the costs and Miss Lilley not prosecuting any further.

A CONVENTION CITY

In Canton Becoming—East Ohio M. E. Conference to Be Here in September.

Canton is gaining quite a reputation as a convention city. The past week has seen two very large gatherings and we have taken care of them in fine style. We have ample hotel accommodations and the hospitable citizens open their residences when the hotels overflow.

There is no spot in Ohio that is prettier in the summer season than Canton. We have beautiful streets and trees and shrubbery is abundant.

Canton is to have another large gathering in addition to those already arranged for. On September 15, and for six days, the East Ohio conference of the M. E. church will meet here. This will be a very important session, preliminary as it is to the general conference in Cleveland. The East Ohio conference is very large. It comprises the Ohio counties bounded on the north by Lake Erie; on the east by the Pennsylvania line; on the south by the Ohio river and the west by the Ohio canal and the Muskingum river.

The attendance at the September meeting will be close on one thousand. These strangers will come to our city. The hospitality of our people will be extended to them. It will be a pleasant duty of ours to entertain this assembly of church workers. Canton has a reputation already established, and we can increase this by welcoming to the fullest the East Ohio M. E. Conference.

FLOUR JUMPS UP

In Price At An Alarming Rate—Comparison of Prices—The Cause.

The condition of the wheat market is exciting considerable interest. While the price is gradually rising, the supply in this part of the country seems to be about exhausted.

Wheat sold in Canton Saturday for 55 cents. At Massillon it was reported as selling in limited quantities at 90 cents, while in Minerva \$1 was given.

This upward tendency of wheat naturally has its effect on the flour market. Flour was selling four weeks ago at \$2.90 per barrel. It began gradually to increase in price, and at the beginning of last week was selling for \$3.90. About the middle of the week, however, it made a lively plunge upward to \$4.10. Another big jump of four cents was made on Saturday, when flour went up to \$4.50 a barrel.

Four weeks ago flour was selling at 65 cents a sack. Monday it was retelling for \$1.25 a sack.

Some of the grocers have a large amount of flour stored away and expect to realize considerable profit on it. As a rule, though, the local stock is rather low. Several of the local mills will be compelled to close down within the next few days, on account of their inability to secure wheat, and will be unable to fill orders. For the past two weeks it has been impossible for the local grocers to secure an order of more than five barrels at one time.

The rise in flour is almost affecting the prices of bread, crackers, cakes, etc. Bread has advanced to five cents per loaf, and crackers are a half cent higher.

It was the general opinion of our grocers that flour would be \$1.50 per sack before many days.

A prominent miller was asked what he thought of the situation. He stated that if wheat was \$1 per bushel it would mean \$2,500,000 more to the farmers than they received last year. Wheat has been selling at too low a price to make its raising profitable. It should go to a dollar and a half per bushel. The fact that farmers had been feeding a great deal of grain to stock during the winter had a great deal to do with the present scarcity.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

A telegram from Indianapolis, Ind., says that Charles E. Antrim, of Alliance, killed himself Thursday morning by firing a 32 caliber bullet into his brain. The deed was committed in a room at the Normandie hotel. Antrim was a school teacher, according to documents found on his person. He was about thirty years old.

Mrs. A. E. Lanier, Bush's Mills, Ohio.

Strained Nerves

Palpitation of the Heart and A General Break Down

The Good Effect of Hood's was Marked and Permanent.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."

"Gentlemen—I was taken down sick last December, and became very weak with nervous trouble, palpitation of the heart, and a general break down. I had good physicians, but they were along getting no better. I could sit up only about half a day, until the 15th of March, when I concluded I would give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. When I had used it a short time, I could get up and go all about the house all day. I have never enjoyed perfect health, but I am now taking my fifth bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and know it has helped me wonderfully. I have used Hood's Pills, and think them excellent."—Mrs. A. E. Lanier, Bush's Mills, Ohio.

Hood's Pills not only, but promptly and abundantly, on the liver and bowels.

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STRIKE SETTLED.

A telegram which passed between Pennsylvania officials this morning said that 3,000 miners had gone to work in the thin vein districts at 60 cents a ton. This virtually settles the strike.

A BIG BABY.

The prize baby of the year was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Owens, of 309 Bucher street. It is a boy and he tips the scales at fifteen pounds flat. This is the heaviest baby born in Canton for many months.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT ALLIANCE.

Thomas Crowthers, aged sixty-five years, a wealthy farmer residing on the outskirts of Alliance, was thrown from his wagon by his horse running away, while returning home from town Thursday evening, and fatally injured.

The wagon struck a post, while the horses were running at a terrible speed, and Crowthers was thrown thirty feet, alighting on his head.

CAPTURED HIS RIG.

About 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon a man doing some fast driving ran into a rig on West Pennsylvania street near the bridge. A lady was in the buggy at the time, but was not injured, although a wheel went off and the other somewhat damaged. The rig containing the man escaped without injury. As soon as the driver discovered the damage he drove off without attempting to make any repairs, laughing at what he had done.

Several persons in the neighborhood started in pursuit, but he could not be captured. A late hour last night his rig was found and it is the intention to keep it until he comes to claim it. Then he will be obliged to pay for the damage to the lady's rig.

PENNSYLVANIA EARNINGS.

The statement of the business of all lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburgh and Erie for April, as compared with the same month last year shows an increase in gross earnings of \$441,436.07, increase in expenses of \$327,577.49, increase in net earnings of \$113,858.58. The four months of 1895, as compared with the same period of 1894, show an increase in gross earnings of \$1,598,329.76, an increase in expenses of \$1,237,960.32, increase in net earnings of \$360,369.44. All lines west of Pittsburgh and Erie for April, as compared with the same month last year show an increase in gross earnings of \$225,084.95, increase in expenses of \$253,815.40, a decrease in net earnings of \$28,730.45. The four months of 1895, as compared with the same period of 1894, show an increase in gross earnings of \$1,101,005.45, increase in expenses of \$873,823.43, increase in net earnings of \$227,182.

LADIES UPSET.

Two ladies whose names were not learned, were driving east on Tuscarawas street near Lincoln avenue yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock. The horse became frightened and started at break neck speed down the street. At Wolf's green house near the bridge they attempted to stop the horse by turning him in towards the curb. The wheels struck the curb with considerable force and the rig was upset. One of the ladies was thrown against the telephone pole and badly lacerated. She was assisted to a near by house and soon recovered sufficient to be sent home. The other lady was thrown on the street pavement but not much injured. The horse stopped as soon as the accident occurred.

It was afterwards learned that the occupants of the carriage were Mrs. Louise Rader of 73 East Second street and Mrs. W. F. Grobolsky of 78 East North street. Mrs. Rader had two ribs fractured, and is suffering considerable pain today. Mrs. Grobolsky was only slightly injured.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

The Ohio weather and crop bureau has issued the following bulletin for this section for the week ending May 27:

The first part of the week was cold, with hard frosts on the 20, 21, 22, and light frosts in some counties on the morning of the 23rd. Very little rain has fallen, fair weather prevailing during most of the week. Good rains and warm weather is needed for all kinds of vegetation. Wheat shows a fair growth and does not appear to be injured by the cold freezing weather, except on low, muddy ground, where it was damaged considerably. Oats have been damaged slightly in some counties, and they have not made much growth. Early planted corn was generally up, except in the northeast counties along the lake, and was out to the ground by the frosts; replanting is general, but worms are at work in some counties. Clover looks fairly well, but is being injured in some places by worms. Meadows and pastures are generally short, and rains are badly needed for all grass lands. Barley is heading in some counties and, with rye, has been injured in many localities. Early potatoes were all cut to the ground, which will much delay their growth; bugs are reported as numerous in some places. All garden truck that was up has been injured, except in a few places. The fact that all kinds have suffered by the cold freezing weather, and in many places the grape crop is reported as entirely destroyed. Apples seem to have suffered the least damage. Berries have been much injured and in some counties seriously damaged.

GOLDEN WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

A very happy day was Wednesday in the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Wilhelm, who reside just south of Justus. It was the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage and a large number of friends and relatives gathered at the home to help them celebrate the day and occasion. There were not less than two hundred present, among the most prominent in feelings if not in years, were the bridegroom, aged 71, and the bride, aged 60. Mr. Wilhelm was born in the northern part of Stark county, in what is now a portion of Summit county. Mrs. Wilhelm is a native of Milton, now Wilmot. During their first years of married life Mr. Wilhelm was a cabinet maker and undertaker, but forty-three years ago he settled on the farm where he now lives, and prospered and happy, the father of eleven children, of whom seven are now living.

After the usual greetings had been exchanged, immense tables were brought out on the lawn and the dinner was heartily enjoyed. When the feast was over the eldest son, George W. Wilhelm, called the meeting to order. The Rev. M. L. Oliver, of Navarre; Wm. Johnson, of Wilmot; W. S. Spillie, of Wilmot, and J. S. Wilhelm, of Johnstown, followed with bright addresses. The last named spoke for the family, and related an original poem of which there are four lines:

Fall fifty years have marched along,
In solemn stately tread;
Since youth and maiden, blithe and strong,
Enwreathed in joy were wed.

Many young people recited or sang and the afternoon passed quickly and pleasantly. Many remembrances in the form of appropriate gifts were left. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Reed and children Capt. and Mrs. R. B. Crawford, Dr. and Mrs. L. E. Menzies and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilhelm of Massillon; Mrs. Elery and children, of Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. George Rex and children, Mrs. Amanda Culbertson and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Pfouts and Mrs. Mary Ball, of Canton and Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Wilhelm, of Canal Fulton.

BUCKLE'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sore, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Durbin, Wright & Co., druggists.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Eliza Shanafelt has commenced an action against John A. Howenstein, a local real estate man to recover \$150 which she alleges he obtained from her by fraudulent representations. The petition alleges that Howenstein represented to her that he had been sent to her by her son Irvin E. Shanafelt, who recommended her to purchase lot No. 48 in the Smith's addition to Canton then owned by Adam and Nancy J. Edgell. Howenstein, she alleges, represented to her that he had the property to sell and that \$1,100 was the lowest price the owners would take for it. On the strength of these representations she paid him \$500 in cash and executed a mortgage with mortgage security for the remaining \$500. Since then she alleges that she has learned that the property was placed in Howenstein's hands at \$500 and he delivered to the Edgells \$400 in cash and the mortgage note for the balance, appropriating to his own use the other \$150. She asks judgment against him for the \$150.

Receiver Asked For.
The Money Manufacturing Company has brought suit against George Holt to recover \$1,500 alleged to be due on note secured by chattel mortgage. The petition alleges that the plaintiffs sold the defendants a thrashing machine, engine, water tank, belts, etc., a traction engine and portable saw mill and other machinery for which he gave his note and a chattel mortgage on the property. The note was for \$1,500, but the plaintiffs ask judgment against him for the full amount and that the property be placed in the hands of a receiver to be sold and the proceeds applied to the payment of their claim.

C. Drawing to A Close.
The Snell case is gradually drawing to a close. The defense closed their direct testimony last forenoon and the state started on the rebuttal. It is expected that the testimony will be all in and the arguments will commence tomorrow. The attorneys are now watching each other like hawks and any attempt to introduce testimony to strengthen up a weak spot is the signal for a legal controversy in which authorities pro and con are argued. A great deal of time is being taken up in this kind of sparring. The long trial and strain seems to be telling on the nerves of both attorneys and judges. In these little bits of the defense is holding its own very well. An attempt was made by the defense to introduce a letter written by Mrs. Snell to her daughter, prior to the shooting in which she stated that she could not draw any of the insurance money in case of Mackie's death on account of the transfer having been made by a minor. This resulted in a long discussion by both sides but it was ruled out by Judge McCarthy.

Kate Eichner's Will.
The will of Kate Eichner, of Canton, the property both real and personal including the houses and lots in Newport, Ky. After the estate has been converted into money \$75 is to be paid to her daughter Elsie May. The balance of the estate is to be divided equally between Elsie May Eichner and Mary Eichner Sauerrey. The will names Mary Eichner Sauerrey as guardian of Elsie May and Chas. Schacker as executor of the will.

Probate Cases.
Jacob D. Witter, of Massillon, has resigned as administrator of the estate of Peter G. Albright, and E. W. McCaughey has been appointed administrator de bonis non. William Baughman has been appointed guardian of Wilbur and Chester Baughman of Pike township.

J. B. Michener has filed his final account and resigned as guardian of Clara and Mary Whitall. The will of Baker S. Vick of Marlboro township has been filed for probate. The will leaves everything to his wife and names no executor. The widow of Ephraim Royer of Tuscarawas township has elected to take under the will. Mary Miller has been appointed guardian of John Miller of Lawrence township.

SNAP SHOTS.

Alvin Wortman and Emma Alberts, of Paris, Stark county, were arrested yesterday afternoon by Constable Jackson for fornication. They were arraigned before Squire Darr and pleaded not guilty. Each gave \$300 for their appearance next Saturday at 9 o'clock.

Amos B. Mase, of Bethlehem township, is confined to his home on account of inflammation of the stomach. Mr. Mase has a large circle of friends who hope that he will soon recover. A farmer's horse drawing a load of hay on North Market street became excited this morning and ran away. It started in at Feather street and was stopped at Third. Besides the spilling of the hay, and the scaring of the driver, no damage was done.

The county commissioners and surveyor went to Wooster this morning, where they will hold a joint meeting with the Wayne county commissioners regarding a large ditch which runs through eastern Wayne and western Stark counties.

The city park, the old fair grounds, is mowed by the horse lawn mower, which has just been purchased by the park commissioners.

L. W. Thomas, an architect, has located in Canton. Mr. Thomas' former location was at Beaver Falls.

Mrs. Myers Returns.
Mrs. J. M. Myers returned from Minneapolis several days ago, and is now living with her mother, Mrs. Eitner, at 54 East Seventh street. When asked by a News reporter this morning if she had anything to say in regard to her husband's disappearance, she replied that she had not. She claimed that she knew nothing of his present whereabouts, and preferred to say nothing on the subject.

THE STARKY REUNION.
The seventh annual Starky reunion was held last Saturday at John Hay's farm, two miles southeast of Mapleton. There were about 100 members of the family present. The only visitors were Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dehoff, of Canton.

After a fine dinner and a general social chat, declarations were made by some of the little folks and speeches were made by the older members. Mr. M. O. Sherer, the historian for this year, delivered an address going over the family record from the known beginning to the present.

Everybody had a good time. The next reunion will be held the last Saturday of next May, but the executive committee have not yet decided where.

GUARANTEED CURE.
We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, who will give you a trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer if we did not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at Durbin, Wright & Co., druggists. Large size 50c, and \$1.00.

Shiloh's Cure, the great Croup and Croup Cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five only 25c. Children love it. Sold by Canton Pharmacy, Fred P. Schacker, and Ed H. Young.

Firemen, do you want a new suit? See the \$7 suit Rosenblatt is selling.

KNOCKOUT FIGURES.

On Free Silver Coinage—The Director of the Mint Gives Out Some Interesting Figures—Representative Tarney Has Weakened on Free-Silver Craze and Says it is Confined to Politicians—Better Crops and Less Population.

Washington, May 23.—One of the cries of the free silver advocates has been that the world's supply of gold is insufficient to do the business of the world, and that it is decreasing. This construction receives a pretty effectual answer in the report of Director of the Mint Preston, made public yesterday in which the production of gold is shown to have increased \$21,000,000 in 1894, and of that amount \$3,500,000 represents the increased production of the United States. This would indicate that there is no scarcity of the yellow metal.

One interesting point in the detailed report of the production of silver in the United States is that four states have produced 914 per cent of the whole output. These states are Colorado, with 33,281,390 ounces; Montana, with 12,830,081 ounces; Utah, with 5,891,000 ounces, and Idaho, with 3,388,548 ounces, a total of 45,281,029 out of the aggregate production in the whole country of 49,000,000.

It might be interesting to those outside of these four states who are crying for the free coinage of silver to know that if the government were to adopt free coinage it would present outright a per capita gift of \$29.14 to the citizens of these states. The market value of that bullion at the prevailing rate for 1894, which was 65 cents per ounce, was \$28,754,000. Its coinage value would have been \$58,545,333. The estimated population of the four states is about 1,000,000 souls.

This is one of the strongest object lessons yet produced of the effect of free coinage. No body would be benefited but the silver producers, and 914 per cent of them are located in four sparsely settled states. In addition to their big output of silver, these four states produced 47-10 per cent of the total gold production of the country.

These figures of Director Preston will be used largely by the sound money missionaries in their effort to bring back the wandering demagogues of the south and west. There are indications that the work of the administration is meeting with success.

Representative John Tarney of Kansas City, who has been a rabid free silver democrat in his own district and on the floor of the House, arrived in Washington today. Mr. Tarney said:

"This talk about the free coinage of silver is dying out. The farmers on my way have no time for it. They are talking about crops and the weather, and are thanking God that their crops are worth talking about. 'The prospects are for an abundant harvest all over country, and that will do more than anything else to stop this speculating about the free coinage of silver. The agitation about free silver is confined now to the politicians, who must have something to talk about.'

IRELAND ON COIN.

Free Silver a Menace to the Country's Prosperity.

Archbishop Ireland Discusses the Free Silver Question and Takes Strong Grounds Against It—He Says the Agitation of It is a Serious Obstacle in the Way of the Revival of Business.

Chicago, May 28.—Archbishop Ireland is an orthodox in financial matters as he is in the doctrines of the church. Heresy is no part of his mental make-up. His clear and logical brain leads him to express his convictions earnestly and fearlessly and fearlessly and to support them with forcible arguments.

To a man of such extensive observation and keen insight into social and religious problems the present agitation in favor of free coinage appears as a monetary delusion, which cannot deceive the people when they examine it carefully and discern its absurdity.

Archbishop Ireland is opposed to the free coinage of silver. He regards the proposition to have silver restored as a menace to all present and future prosperity of the country. He said so yesterday while in Chicago, in the course of a general interview on the returning good times. He had just returned from an extensive trip through the large cities of the Atlantic coast and had come in contact with many prominent business men.

He placed the silver craze as the first serious obstacle in the way of the revival of business. Archbishop Ireland's diocese is in the granary of the United States, Minnesota. He was reared there and there is probably not a public man in Minnesota more in harmony with all classes of people of that state than the archbishop.

The archbishop was asked what might prevent the tide of prosperity, evidently now just setting in, from reaching its greatest height, and in his reply to the question he fully defined his position on the silver question. The answer will be received with interest and authority over the country. It is the voice of the first archbishop in the United States, as every western man believes, and certainly one of the broadest thinkers of the nation. He said:

"The present silver agitation might check the period of prosperity which it seems to be setting in for us. I speak advisedly, after study and reflection, and feeling that I may be criticised for what I say. But it is the truth, and what does it matter whether I say it now or later?"

"Without entering into the merits of the difficult and intricate question involved in a discussion of the silver phase or craze, I would say that, so long as there is no international agreement between the great governments of the world—the commercial nations—an attempt on the part of the United States to return to free coinage of silver would be fatal to our business prosperity. 'The United States is largely a borrowing nation. A new country, undeveloped, is necessarily a borrower of the older nations, and that must positively be taken into consideration when we lightly speak of changing the form of our financial basis. It is out of the question that we by ourselves can create a silver basis to be accepted by the balance of the world, willy nilly. We are an integral part of the general commercial world extending over every continent, and what we propose or what is proposed by those who favor silver is only feasible on the supposition that the commercial world agrees with us to accept a bimetallic standard.

COURT COULDN'T MOVE HIM.

Ex-Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue e Murphy, Who Guarded His Records, Speaks in Praise of Paine's Celery Compound.

Ex-Collector of Internal Revenue Thomas E. Murphy, of Maine, who was brought into prominence all over the country during President Cleveland's first administration by refusing to allow certain civil officials to pursue his records, heartily endorses Paine's celery compound.

Mr. Murphy is a keen observer. He is a writer of no mean ability, has been employed as editor and editorial writer on several papers, is recognized throughout Maine as a forcible and convincing speaker, and is universally liked. At present he represents a big Boston house on the road, where his warm geniality makes him welcome to every hotel and railway train.

In the smoking compartment of a parlor car last week he was protesting Paine's celery compound to a fellow passenger. The person to whom he addressed his conversation held up with grip. The malady left him in a bad way, a sort of depression of spirits and a disinclination for business.

"I felt the same way," said Mr. Murphy. "After wrestling a week with the grip I left me depressed and weak. One flight of stairs was enough to make me puff like a leaky bellows. A mile walk was a task, and I was unable to begin the moment I got out of bed, and I felt about as mean as any one could for the whole day. Hearing so much about Paine's celery compound I made up my mind to try it, and I'll tell you how it worked. It was like some applications of soothing lotions to a scorched finger. After a few doses I found that on retiring I soon dropped into sound, refreshing sleep. In less than a week I was myself again. My eyes, which are none too strong at the best, but which had become ached till I began taking Paine's celery compound, assumed their normal condition and really seemed stronger than before the grip marked me for a victim. I can walk five miles now and feel none the worse for it."

"My wife and boy are taking Paine's celery compound this spring."

"What we borrow we must receive from abroad, and the foreign capitalists will not invest in our millions of securities if they are to be paid back for their advance in silver when they can buy the bullion of that metal at 50 cents. They simply will not do it, and it is an absurd folly to imagine that we can compel them to do so. I have said that we are necessarily one part of the general commercial world, and whether we like it or not we must harmonize with the other parts of that world, far outnumbering us, and if we do not, we alone must bear the consequences. We can only hope to maintain our prosperity by maintaining with them a cordial and honorable entente. This to me is the simplest phase of the silver question. It is the easiest way of considering what we should and should not do. The way is very plain and clear. [We are in no position to stand aloof nor to restore confidence in our business institutions except by agreeing as we have in the past as to our financial basis in the marts of the world, where we meet all that is in competition with us and all which will refuse to accept our proposed silver basis as that of the whole world. I do not see how to obtain one of the most valuable commodities of that large commercial world toward us from whom we must borrow money if we desire to advance and to attain the eminence, which it appears we should have, with wisdom on the part of our rulers and prudence in the political action of our people.

Will Not Tax Members.
At Wednesday afternoon's session of the grand lodge nearly all the time was taken up in discussing questions relative to the Springfield Odd Fellows' home. There were a number of who desired to swell this fund by levying a tax of one dollar per head upon the Odd Fellows of the state. Other methods were also suggested and discussed, at length but finally it was decided to stick to the present method and raise money by contribution only.

A resolution was passed recommending that the Rebekahs heretofore have representation in the state convention by districts instead of by lodges. This will reduce the representation of the women.

Charters were granted to several small lodges in the state.

ULCER REUNION.
The Ulrich union which was organized Dec. 25, 1894, will be held at Jacob Eller's two miles north-west of Snuffield, June 8, 1895. All relatives are invited to be present.

CANTON MEDICAL CLUB.
The Canton Medical Club held its regular monthly meeting last night in Dr. Scheffle's office.

Those present were Drs. A. C. Brant, Schuffel, March, Lander, Evans, Hudson, Calhoun, Biechle, Walker, E. O. Morrow and Swartz.

Dr. Lander gave a lecture on "Entozoa." It was very instructive and interesting and was freely discussed by all members of the club.

A case of eclampsia was reported by Dr. Swartz. Dr. Evans reported a case of Bright's disease, and Dr. Hudson a case of haematuria.

Dr. Hamilton, of Louisville, and Dr. Flickinger, of North Industry, were made members of the club.

A BOND MATTER.
The city council of Massillon has instructed Solicitor Willson to commence an action against the Canton-Massillon Railway Company to recover payment of a bond in the sum of \$3,000. This bond was alleged to be forfeited by the company by failing to have their line extended to Navarre from Massillon.

"Although numerous efforts have been made by the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company to secure the money necessary to complete their line to Navarre, it is no more able to build now than it was one year ago. Every effort to secure amounts on the securities offered has failed," said A. J. Underhill, secretary of the company. He also remarked that the "company fully expected to extend the line to Navarre this summer and will yet do so if money can be obtained. Bonds are offered as securities and guarantees, all that are required. No difficulty was experienced in disposing of the bonds for the construction of the line between Canton and Massillon, and the Navarre extension should receive as much attention."

A LEADER.
Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Bile Headache, Indigestion, Const